The deposit guarantee and investor compensation scheme in Luxembourg
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The deposit guarantee and investor compensation scheme in Luxembourg

This brochure sets out information on your rights under the system of protection provided by the Deposit Guarantee Association Luxembourg (AGDL) to the customers of banks and investment firms in Luxembourg.

The AGDL was set up on the basis of two European directives. They were transposed into domestic Luxembourg legislation by the Laws of 11 June 1997 and 27 July 2000 and underpin deposit guarantee and investment compensation schemes. The AGDL has embodied these legal requirements in its statutes. Its purpose is to set up a mutual guarantee system (the Guarantee) covering deposits in cash (deposit guarantee) and claims resulting from investment transactions (investor compensation) as defined by the law and by its statutes in favour of customers and investors with members of the Association.

The guarantee is implemented within the limits and subject to the conditions laid out in the statutes as published in this brochure. The essential features of the guarantee are as follows:

• In the event of insolvency of a member establishment, the AGDL protects all cash depositors by guaranteeing the reimbursement of their deposits up to the amount of 20,000 euros.

• In the same instance, the AGDL protects all investors by guaranteeing the reimbursement of their claims arising out of investment transactions up to the amount of 20,000 euros.

• The members of the AGDL are credit institutions (i.e. banks), the Financial Services of the Post Office (Services Financiers de l’Entreprise des Postes et Télécommunications) and investment firms. Investment firms are commission agents, private portfolio managers, professionals acting for their own account, distributors of investment fund shares and underwriters.

• Depositors are customers who hold cash deposits with the members.

• Investors are customers who hold investment instruments or funds associated with investment transactions with the members.
• Investment instruments are transferable securities and investment fund shares, money market instruments, futures, future interest rate contracts (FRA), "SWAPS" and options on currencies and financial instruments.

• All deposits in cash, including funds associated with investment transactions, are eligible for the deposit guarantee. All claims in accordance with investment instruments qualify for investor compensation. No claim can be covered by both guarantees simultaneously.

• The guaranteed values are those which are held for the account of the customer and those managed on his behalf.

• The total amount of the Guarantee will in no case exceed 20,000 euros (deposit guarantee) + 20,000 euros (investor compensation) = 40,000 euros per customer.

• All currencies are protected without distinction.

• The Guarantee covers both natural persons and corporate bodies.

However, only small European corporate bodies are covered. A corporate body is no longer regarded as being small when two of the following criteria are satisfied:

- the balance sheet total exceeds 3.125 million euros;
- turnover exceeds 6.25 millions euros;
- the number of employees is more than 50.

Where several persons have rights in an account in their capacity as partners in a company, members of an association or any other similar grouping, they are entitled to one single compensation under the Guarantee.

• As permitted by the law, Articles 6-1 and 7-1 of the statutes provide for a number of specific exclusions from the benefit of the Guarantee.

• The values covered are defined in compliance the statutory and contractual conditions applicable to them, i.e. the Guarantee is established after offsetting the liabilities and claims of the same customer on the relevant AGDL member.

• When more than one person is the holder of a single account, the share accruing to each such person is taken into account in calculating the amount payable by way of Guarantee. Save where proof to the contrary is given, the shares of all the co-holders are identical. (*) An attachment to the statutes which forms an integral part thereof, sets out a table of the rules applicable if more than one joint account is held by two or more customers or co-holders, or if a customer is the holder of one or more individual accounts and in addition co-holder of one or more joint accounts with one or more other co-holders.

• Where the customer is not the beneficiary of the guaranteed values, it is the beneficiary who qualifies for the compensation, provided that the customer has informed the bank or the investment firm that he is acting for the account of a third party and has notified both the number of beneficiaries and the share accruing to each in the account. The payment of compensation under the Guarantee is conditional on notification of the identity of the beneficiaries.

(*) Example: Two spouses together hold an account whose balance represents the equivalent of 45,000 euros. If their bank or investment firm becomes insolvent, the AGDL will pay 20,000 euros to each of them.
• If a member establishment of the AGDL is no longer able to reimburse deposits or claims to customers, the latter must in principle be compensated within a **time limit** of three months. The starting point and the duration of this period are defined in more detail in Articles 62-3 and 62-13 of the law of 5 April 1993 on the financial sector.

• Luxembourg branches of foreign establishments are likewise covered by the AGDL, save for those which originate from other countries of the European Community. The latter are covered by the system applicable in their country of origin. If a branch in Luxembourg of an establishment from a Community country is covered in its country of origin by a **lower** guarantee than that provided by the AGDL, it may apply for membership of the AGDL to cover the difference. If you are the customer of a branch, it may be appropriate to ask for details of the level of cover provided.

• One fundamental purpose of a guarantee scheme is not only to compensate savers for their losses, but primarily to **expedite the procedure** by paying the customer all or part of the savings before the liquidators have been able to do so. It is logical that the guarantee system which has advanced the funds in favour of the injured customers should benefit in the first instance from reimbursements made from the liquidation dividend. Whenever a payment is made, the AGDL stipulates its **subrogation** for the customer’s rights. Therefore, if the customer is only partly reimbursed, he waives his right, pursuant to Articles 62-3 (7) and 62-13 (9) of the law of 5 April 1993 on the financial sector, to benefit, in an amount equivalent to the sum paid out to him, from the provisions of Article 1252 of the Civil Code and accepts that the AGDL should be reimbursed as a matter of priority for the same amount.

• For verification purposes, claims must be declared to the AGDL. The latter may ask for the declaration to be made through the liquidators of the establishment. The AGDL may require declarations of claim to be set down on a form or according to a model prescribed by it and accompanied by the documents or certificates stipulated.

Documents relating to the conditions and formalities to be satisfied to benefit from a payment by way of Guarantee are available from the AGDL in French, English or German.

• All payments to be made in virtue of a Guarantee are paid out in the currency of the guaranteed deposit.

The Guarantee Deposit Association can be contacted at the following address:

**ASSOCIATION POUR LA GARANTIE DES DÉPÔTS, LUXEMBOURG (AGDL)**
20, rue de la Poste
boîte postale 241
L-2012 Luxembourg

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Banks and investment firms in the Luxembourg Financial Centre constantly use their best endeavours to give you an highly competent service and to justify your confidence. They work in a sophisticated regulatory environment and are subject to stringent control by the supervisory authorities. The AGDL hopes that it will never have to intervene. However, if you do have to call upon its services, you may rest assured that it will be ready.
Titre I.

Titre I.

Nom, siège, durée, objet

Article 1 - Nom

(1) Sous le nom de "Association pour la Garantie des Dépôts, Luxembourg" (Deposit Guarantee Association, Luxembourg), abbreviée à "AGDL", une association à but non lucratif ayant son siège à Luxembourg est fondée pour une durée indéfinie.

(2) L'Association peut, à sa discrétion, utiliser soit son nom complet soit son sigle.

Article 2 - Objectifs

(1) Conformément à la loi modifiée du 5 avril 1993 sur le secteur financier (ci-après appelée la "loi"), seul but de l'Association est de mettre en place un système de garantie mutuel (la "Garantie")

- pour les dépôts en espèces tels que définis par la loi et par ces statuts en faveur des clients des établissements de crédit membres de l'Association;

- pour les griefs liés aux opérations d'investissement tels que définis par la loi et par ces statuts en faveur des investisseurs avec les établissements de crédit et sociétés d'investissement membres de l'Association;

- les dépôts en espèces et les griefs résultant de l'investissement tel que défini dans les deux paragraphes précédents en faveur des clients d'un autre membre de l'Association et des investisseurs avec cet établissement.

(2) La Garantie prend effet dans les limites, conformément aux conditions et en application des procédures fixées dans les statuts et des réglementations intérieures adoptées sur la base des statuts. Ces réglementations intérieures peuvent également déterminer l'utilisation des fonds récupérés par l'Association en vertu de ses pouvoirs. Elles seront élaborées par le Conseil d'Administration et communiquées à tout tiers à l'issue de son siège social.

(3) L'Association peut, à sa discrétion, prendre toutes les actions, directes ou indirectes, conduisant à l'atteinte de son but.
TITLE II.

Members, admission, termination of membership

Article 3 - Members

(1) The number of members shall be unlimited, but may not be less than three.

(2) Only corporate bodies shall be eligible to become members.

(3) The rights and obligations of members shall be equal for all without prejudice to the differences arising from the nature and scope of the Guarantee provided by the Association, depending on whether the Guarantee relates to deposits or to claims resulting from investment transactions.

Article 3-1 - Admission of Members - Credit institutions

(1) At their written request, all the credit institutions listed in the table of credit institutions kept by the Commission for the Supervision of the Financial Sector (“CSSF”) shall automatically become members, with the exception of branches, save where the latter are covered by the provisions of numbered paragraphs (2) to (5) below.

The term “branch”, within the meaning of the statutes, designates an operating office which constitutes a section, with no legal personality of its own, of a credit institution and which directly performs, in whole or in part, the transactions inherent in the activity of a credit institution; where more than one operating office is created in the same State, they shall be regarded as a single branch.

(2) The depositors of the branches created in other Member States of the European Community by credit institutions approved in Luxembourg shall be covered by the Guarantee.

(3) When the level or scope, including the percentage, of the Guarantee exceeds the level or scope of cover provided in the Member State of the European Community in which the credit institution is approved, the Luxembourg branch of that institution shall be entitled, at its written request, to become a member in order to supplement the guarantee already available to its depositors by reason of its membership of the guarantee system of the Member State of origin. In that case, the contribution as defined in Article 9, which the branch is to pay, shall be determined by the supplementary guarantee.

For the purpose of application of the provisions of this paragraph, the Association shall define at bilateral level with the appropriate deposit guarantee system of the Member State of origin, suitable rules and procedures for calculation of the share of the contribution to which the Guarantee gives rise to and which is incumbent upon the Luxembourg branch referred to in the present paragraph and also for payment thereof. For the definition of these procedures, and for the determination of the conditions of membership of the Association applicable to this branch, the guiding principles set out in the law shall apply.

(4) The depositors of the Luxembourg branches created by credit institutions having their registered office outside the European Community, shall be covered by the Guarantee.

(5) The rights and obligations of the members shall be equal for all without any need to distinguish between credit institutions and branches within the meaning of paragraphs (1), (3) and (4).

(6) In the case of the agricultural credit co-operatives (“caisses rurales”) affiliated to the central credit institution of these credit co-operatives, only the central institution shall be a member, but the deposits set up with each credit co-operative shall be taken into consideration for the application of the Guarantee, and, in particular, for that of Articles 6, 9 and 10.
Article 3-2 - Admission of Members - Investment firms

(1) At their written request, all the investment firms listed in the table of investment firms kept by the Commission for the Supervision of the Financial Sector ("CSSF") shall automatically become members, with the exception of branches, save where the latter are covered by the provisions of numbered paragraphs (2) to (5) below.

The term “branch”, within the meaning of the statutes, designates an operating office which constitutes a section, with no legal personality of its own, of an investment firm and which provides investment services for which the investment firm has secured authorisation; where more than one operating office is created in the same Member State by an investment firm which has its registered office in another Member State, they shall be regarded as a single branch.

(2) Investors with a branch set up in another Member State of the European Community by investment firms which have been authorised in Luxembourg shall be covered by the Guarantee.

(3) When the level or scope, including the percentage, of the Guarantee exceeds the level or scope of cover provided in the Member State of the European Community in which the credit institution or the investment firm is approved, the Luxembourg branch of that institution or firm shall be entitled, at its written request, to become a member in order to supplement the guarantee already available to its investors by reason of its membership of the guarantee system of the Member State of origin. In that case, the contribution as defined in Article 9, which the branch is to pay, shall be determined by the supplementary guarantee.

For the purpose of application of the provisions of this paragraph, the Association shall define at bilateral level with the investor-compensation scheme in the Member State of origin, suitable rules and procedures for calculation of the contribution to which the Guarantee gives rise to and which is incumbent upon the Luxembourg branch referred to in the present paragraph and also for payment thereof. For the definition of these procedures, and for the determination of the conditions of membership of the Association applicable to this branch, the guiding principles set out in the law shall apply.

(4) Investors with a Luxembourg branch created by credit institutions or investment firms having their registered office outside the European Community, shall be covered by the Guarantee. With that end in view, these branches shall automatically become members at their written request.

(5) The rights and obligations of the members shall be equal for all without any need to distinguish between investment firms and branches within the meaning of paragraphs (1), (3) and (4).

(6) In the case of the agricultural credit co-operatives ("caisses rurales") affiliated to the central credit institution of these credit co-operatives, only the central institution shall be a member, but the Guarantee provided by the Association covers not only investors who are customers of the central institution but also investors with the affiliated credit co-operatives for the purpose of application of the statutes and, in particular, for that of Articles 7, 9 and 10.

Article 3-3 - Post Office and Telecommunications Corporation

(1) At its written request, the Post Office and Telecommunications Corporation, public establishment, shall automatically become an associate member, but only in respect of the provision by it of postal financial services as defined by law.

(2) For the purposes of the Statutes, the Post Office and Telecommunications Corporation shall be treated in every respect in the same way as an associated credit institution.
Article 4 - Cessation of membership

(1) The capacity of associate member automatically lapses if said associate member no longer has the authorization required by law.

(2) However, if a member is in liquidation, he shall remain a member of the Association until the date on which that liquidation is completed.

(3) The capacity of member shall likewise cease under the following circumstances:
   a) each member shall be free to withdraw from the Association by notifying the Board of Directors in writing of his resignation;
   b) the general meeting, acting by a majority of two-thirds of the votes, may stipulate the exclusion of a member in the event of infringement of his statutory or legal obligations. Exclusion shall be possible only in compliance with the formal and substantive conditions stipulated by law.

(4) In the instances referred to in paragraphs (1) and (3), the outgoing member shall still be required to participate in the Guarantee if, within twelve months of the date of its leaving, another member finds himself in one of the situations referred to in Article 11.

(5) Deposits, funds and instruments entrusted before the date of cessation of membership shall remain fully covered by the Guarantee until such time as they are covered by an equivalent guarantee system.

Article 5 - Consequences of the cessation of membership

A member who has resigned, or has been excluded, and his entitled beneficiaries, shall have no rights in the corporate funds and they shall not be authorised to ask for any accounts, cause seals to be affixed or seek an inventory.
Article 6 - Guarantee on cash deposits

(1) The customers benefiting from a Guarantee provided by the Association on their deposits are all natural persons who are customers of the members as defined in Articles 3-1, 3-2 and 3-3 without any distinction on grounds of the nationality or residence of such persons.

(2) The Guarantee in virtue of their deposits with members referred to in paragraph (1) is likewise extended to companies governed by Luxembourg law or the law of another Member State of the European Community if their size is such that they are authorised to establish an abridged balance sheet pursuant to law and those of comparable size governed by the law of another Member State of the European Community.

(3) Natural persons and corporate bodies within the meaning of paragraphs (1) and (2) comprise both depositors and investors within the meaning of the law. They are referred to below collectively as "depositors".

(4) The Guarantee covers all cash deposits made by depositors with the members, including funds derived from investment transactions.

(5) Subject to the conditions and limits of the statutes, in particular Articles 6-1, 7-1 and 8 thereof and the internal rules of procedure, depositors shall benefit from the Guarantee on deposits with members within the meaning of paragraph (1) in respect of the following deposits stated, in the case of credit institutions, in "TIM Table 1.1: Assets and liabilities":

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nature of the deposits</th>
<th>Numbers in the Table</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- liabilities to credit institutions</td>
<td>2-01.300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- savings deposits of corporate bodies</td>
<td>2-02.211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- current accounts and other current liabilities of corporate bodies</td>
<td>2-02.212</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- other time liabilities or liabilities subject to withdrawal notice of corporate bodies</td>
<td>2-02.213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- sight savings accounts of natural persons</td>
<td>2-02.221</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- savings deposits for a fixed term or subject to withdrawal notice of natural persons</td>
<td>2-02.222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- current accounts and other current liabilities of natural persons</td>
<td>2-02.223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- other liabilities for a fixed term or subject to withdrawal notice of natural persons</td>
<td>2-02.224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- non-assimilated subordinated liabilities</td>
<td>2-07.200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(6) The deposits in question are those made with any member in any form, in any currency and for any duration, including all accrued interest, even where it has not yet fallen due, on such deposits. They likewise comprise cash deposits managed by investment companies for the account of their customers.

However, credit balances on exchange transactions - Nos. 2-02.223 and 2-02.224 in the above table - are excluded.
Article 6-1 - Non-guaranteed cash deposits

(1) Guaranteed cash deposits shall not include:

a) subject to the provisions of Article 8 (9), deposits made by other credit institutions in their own name and for their own account;

b) deposits of financial credit institutions as defined by the law;

c) deposits of insurance companies;

d) deposits of States and their central administrations;

e) deposits of provincial, regional, local or municipal, Luxembourg or foreign authorities and those of all Luxembourg or foreign public interest bodies governed by said authorities, Associations constituted between them as well as international and supranational organisations;

f) the deposits of investment funds;

g) the deposits of pension or retirement funds, regardless of their nature, the form of deposit and the nationality of the depositor.

(2) Guaranteed cash deposits shall not include:

a) the deposits of members of the Boards of Directors and management of the credit institution, the deposits of personally liable partners, the deposits of natural and legal persons who hold at least 5% of the capital of the credit institution and the deposits of natural and legal persons having the same capacity in other companies belonging to the group which owns the credit institution.

For the purpose of this provision, the term “group” means all the companies which, either directly or indirectly, control the credit institution and the subsidiaries of these companies and of the credit institution within the meaning of the regulations on the annual accounts of banks;

b) the deposits of the spouse and those of relatives, up to and including relatives three times removed, of the depositors referred to in (2) a) and of third parties acting on their behalf;

c) the deposits of other companies belonging to the same group within the above meaning;

d) the items constituting shareholders’ equity as defined by the CSSF pursuant to the law;

e) credit notes issued by the credit institution and commitments resulting from own acceptances and promissory notes.

(3) For the calculation of the credit balance in the depositor’s favour, the rules relating to netting and to claims to be netted in conformity with the statutory and contractual conditions applicable to the deposit shall be followed.

(4) Guaranteed cash deposits shall not include:

a) deposits for which the depositor has obtained from the credit institution, in an individual capacity, rates and financial advantages which contributed to the deterioration of the financial situation of the credit institution concerned;

b) deposits which may be eligible for reimbursement by a foreign protection scheme or, where appropriate, in the amount of such reimbursement if the latter is below the maximum Guarantee as stipulated in Article 8;

c) deposits resulting from transactions in respect of which a criminal sentence has been handed down for a money laundering offence as defined by the law.
Article 7 - Guarantee on claims arising out of investment transactions

(1) Customers guaranteed by the Association in virtue of their investment transactions include all natural persons who are customers of the members as designated in Articles 3-1, 3-2 and 3-3 without distinction on grounds of nationality or residence of such persons.

(2) The Guarantee in virtue of their investment transactions with the members referred to in paragraph (1) is likewise extended to companies governed by Luxembourg law or by the law of another Member State of the European Community whose size is such that they are authorised to establish an abridged balance sheet pursuant to the law and those of comparable size governed by the law of another Member State of the European Community.

(3) Natural persons and corporate bodies within the meaning of paragraphs (1) and (2) above are referred to below collectively as "investors".

(4) The Guarantee covers all claims of investors against the members in virtue of investment transactions, except for those covered by the Guarantee on cash deposits as set out in Article 6.

(5) Subject to the conditions and within the limits of the statutes, in particular Articles 6-1, 7-1 and 8, and of the internal rules of procedure, investors shall benefit from a Guarantee on their claims against members within the meaning of paragraph (1), such claims being liable to figure, in the case of credit institutions, in "IML Table 1.1: Assets and liabilities situation" as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instruments</th>
<th>Numbers in the Table</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Transferable securities, including shares in an investment fund</td>
<td>Third party assets held by the credit institution - No. 3-04.100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Money market instruments: financial futures, including equivalent instruments giving rise to a cash settlement; interest rate futures (FRA); interest rate and currency swaps or exchange contracts on equity or equity index movements (equity swaps); options to buy or sell any instrument falling under this heading, including equivalent instruments giving rise to a cash settlement, options on currencies and interest rates</td>
<td>Exchange rate, interest rate and other market rate transactions - No. 3-03.000, to the exclusion of precious metals (No. 3-03.120)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Firm take-up of issues of all or part of the instruments covered by this heading and placing of such issues</td>
<td>Firm take-up of securities - No. 3-04.400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

However, precious metals deposits - No. 3-04.110 and cheques presented for cashing are excluded.
(6) The claims in question are those existing against each member in any form whatsoever, in any currency and for any duration including all accrued interest, even if it is not yet due, on such claims. They likewise comprise instruments, which investment firms manage for the account of their customers.

Article 7-1 - Non-guaranteed claims arising out of investment transactions

(1) Claims arising from guaranteed investment transactions do not include:

a) claims of investment companies;

b) subject to Article 8 (9), claims of credit institutions in their own name and for their own account;

c) claims of credit institutions within the meaning of the law;

d) claims of insurance companies;

e) claims of investment funds;

f) claims of pension or retirement funds, regardless of their nature, form or the nationality of the creditor;

g) claims of other professional and institutional investors;

h) claims of supranational institutions, States and central administrations;

i) claims of provincial, regional, local or municipal, Luxembourg or foreign authorities and those of all Luxembourg or foreign public interest bodies governed by said authorities and associations set up between them.

(2) Claims resulting from guaranteed investment transactions do not comprise:

a) claims of members of the boards and management bodies of the credit institution or investment company, claims of personally liable partners, claims of natural and legal persons which hold at least 5% of the capital of the bank or investment company and claims of natural and legal persons having the same capacities in other companies forming part of the group to which the credit institution or investment company belongs.

For the purpose of this provision, the term group means all the companies which either directly or indirectly control the credit institution or investment firm together with the subsidiaries of these companies and of the credit institution or investment firm within the meaning of the regulations on their annual statements of account;

b) claims of the spouse and those of parents and relatives, up to and including relatives three times removed, of the creditors referred to in (2) a) and those of third parties acting for the account of the latter;

c) claims of other companies belonging to the same group within the above meaning;

d) items constituting shareholders’ equity as defined by the CSSF pursuant to the law.

(3) The amount of the claim of an investor is calculated in compliance with the statutory and contractual conditions, in particular those concerning netting and claims to be netted applicable for assessment on the date of the finding or ruling referred to in Article 11 of the amount of the funds or the value - defined if possible on the basis of the sales value - of the instruments which belong to the investor and which the credit institution or investment firm is unable either to refund or return.

(4) Claims resulting from guaranteed investment transactions do not include:

a) claims of investors who are responsible for, or have derived advantage from, certain facts concerning the credit institution or investment firm and who are at the origin of its financial difficulties or have contributed to the worsening of its financial situation;

b) claims which may be eligible for reimbursement by a foreign investor protection scheme and, where appropriate, in the amount of such reimbursement if it falls short of the maximum Guarantee as stipulated in Article 8;

c) claims arising out of transactions in respect of which a criminal sentence has been handed down for a money laundering offence as defined by the law.
Article 8 - Scope and limits of the Guarantee

(1) Pursuant to Articles 6 and 7, the Association shall reimburse the depositor with the amount of his guaranteed cash deposits and the investor with the amount of his guaranteed claim subject to a maximum fixed as the equivalent value in all currencies (i) of 20,000 euros per cash deposit and (ii) 20,000 euros per claim arising out of investment transactions other than those concerning a cash deposit.

(2) The guaranteed amount in euros or in a foreign currency shall be determined at the market rate on the date on which unavailability of the funds is established pursuant to the provisions of Article 11.

(3) The amount of the Guarantee shall constitute an absolute ceiling and cannot be augmented by the addition of interest, costs or any other sums.

(4) The entitlements to reimbursement of the deposit and of the claim shall be exercised separately. This rule applies to all the cases covered by paragraphs (5) to (10) below.

No claim shall be eligible for double compensation in virtue of the Guarantee.

Any claim arising out of a cash deposit within the meaning of the statutes and of the law must be imputed against the cash deposit-guarantee scheme alone.

(5) a) No depositor shall collect a sum in excess of that specified in (1), regardless of the number of accounts or deposits of which he is the holder or joint holder at the same credit institution and regardless of the place at which they are situated within the European Community.

b) No investor shall collect a sum in excess of that specified in (1), regardless of the number of claims of which he is the holder or joint holder at the same credit institution or investment firm and regardless of the place at which they are situated within the European Community.

(6) a) When two persons at least are the holders of a single account or have rights over a single account which can be exercised under the signature of at least one such person acting in a capacity other than that of mandatory, the share reverting to each such depositor shall be taken into consideration for the purpose of calculation of the amount payable by way of the Guarantee.

Where a single account has been opened in the names of several joint holders, the right of each joint holder shall be equal to his respective share of this account. In principle, the shares of all the joint holders shall be identical, save where proof to the contrary is supplied to the Association.

b) In the case of joint investment transactions, the share accruing to each investor shall be taken into account for calculation of the cover referred to in this article.

In the absence of special provisions, the claims shall be distributed equally between the investors.

A joint investment transaction is an investment transaction made for the account of at least two persons or in which at least two persons have rights which may be exercised under the signature of at least one such person.

(7) a) When two persons at least have rights in an account by reason of their capacity of partner in a company, member of an association or any similar grouping which does not have legal personality, the deposit shall be treated, for the purpose of calculation of the sum payable by way of the Guarantee, as though it were effected by a single depositor and only one single Guarantee payment shall be due.

b) Claims relating to a joint investment transaction in which at least two persons have rights by reason of their capacity of partner in a company, member of an association or any similar grouping which does not have legal personality shall be grouped together for the calculation of the limit fixed in this article and treated for the purpose of calculation of the limit stipulated in this article as though they were the result of an investment made by a single investor, and only one single indemnity shall be payable under the Guarantee.
shall be taken into consideration in calculating the amount payable by way of the Guarantee.

In the absence of special provisions, the deposit shall be deemed to be held in equal shares by the beneficiaries.

b) Each investor who holds a claim is deemed to be the creditor exclusively for his own account. If the creditor can prove that his claim is jointly owned, the other persons concerned shall be regarded as joint holders of the claim, the right of each joint holder being equal to his share of the total asset, of which proof shall be given to the Association. This rule shall apply subject to other principles and rules set out in the statutes and in the internal rules of procedure in respect of the total or partial exclusion or limitation of the Guarantee.

Where there are several beneficiaries, the share accruing to each such beneficiary shall be taken into consideration in calculating the amount payable by way of the Guarantee.

In the absence of special provisions, the deposit shall be deemed to be held in equal shares by the beneficiaries.

b) Each investor who holds a claim is deemed to be the creditor exclusively for his own account. If the creditor can prove that his claim is jointly owned, the other persons concerned shall be regarded as joint holders of the claim, the right of each joint holder being equal to his share of the total asset, of which proof shall be given to the Association. This rule shall apply subject to other principles and rules set out in the statutes and in the internal rules of procedure in respect of the total or partial exclusion or limitation of the Guarantee.

Where there are several beneficiaries, the share accruing to each such beneficiary shall be taken into consideration in calculating the amount payable by way of the Guarantee.
Article 9 - Financing of intervention by the Association

(1) If the Guarantee is invoked following the failure of a member, the intervention of the Association in the payment to which the Guarantee gives rise to shall be effected by means of a contribution made by each member to the Association, to the exclusion of all systems of capitalisation or prior constitution of funds or reserves for said Association.

(2) a) In respect of guaranteed cash deposits, each member shall contribute to these payments in proportion to the amount of the Guarantee accruing to his own guaranteed cash deposits in relation to the total amount of the Guarantee pertaining to all the guaranteed cash deposits set up with all the members who contribute to the payment, as these deposits stood on 31 December of the year prior to the date of the ruling stipulated in Article 11 (1) of the statutes.

b) In respect of guaranteed instruments, each member shall contribute to these payments in proportion to the amount of the Guarantee accruing in virtue of the guaranteed investment instruments for which he is the debtor in relation to the total amount of the Guarantee pertaining to all the guaranteed investment instruments for which all the members contributing to the compensation are liable, as these liabilities stood on 31 December of the year prior to the date of the ruling stipulated in Article 11 of the statutes.

(3) The rules by which the guaranteed cash deposits, funds and investment instruments are determined shall likewise apply to the calculation of each member's proportionate contributory share to the payment of the Guarantee.

However, by derogation from the provisions of the foregoing paragraph:

a) the provisions of Articles 6-1 (3) and (4) and 7-1 (3) and (4) shall not apply to the calculation of each member's proportionate contributory share to the payment of the Guarantee;

b) a member may notify sums greater than those which he is required to declare in virtue of the statutes. In that case, he shall be required to contribute to the payment of the Guarantee as a function of the amounts, which he has declared and his proportionate contributory share shall be calculated accordingly;

c) should a member who is required to participate in the Guarantee be late in paying his contribution, interest on the arrears may be charged by the Association.

(4) The amount of the contribution of each member shall in no case exceed five per cent (5%) per calendar year of his shareholder's equity as defined by the CSSF, pursuant to the law.

(5) When an event giving rise to the Guarantee occurs, the Association may ask each member to pay an advance. Said advance shall be taken into account for possible subsequent payments, which the members are required to make.

The decision to request an advance shall be taken by the Board of Directors.

(6) If the Association obtains total or partial reimbursement of the sums paid out, it shall give its members the benefits of this payment, after deduction of the relevant costs, on a prorata basis to their effective contribution to the claim concerned. Any payment of interest on arrears due in virtue of Article 9 (3) c) shall not be regarded as an effective contribution. In principle, the Association shall repay its members in the currency or currencies which it has itself obtained. However, it may always choose to effect a redistribution in the form which appears most appropriate to it and, in particular, reimbursement in a single currency.
Article 10 - Communications to be made by the Members

(1) Each year, each member shall notify to the Association its figures for 31 December of the previous year, so enabling the Association to calculate the total amount of the guaranteed cash deposits and the total amount of the guaranteed instruments and the respective percentages accruing to each member, all this in compliance with the statutes.

(2) This notification shall be made by 31 March at the latest.

(3) The Association may entrust a third party with the task of collecting and processing the information referred to in paragraph (1).

Article 11 - Intervention by the Association

(1) a) Pursuant to the law, the Association shall pay the duly verified claims of the depositors in respect of unavailable cash deposits within a period of three months from the date on which that unavailability is established.

b) Pursuant to the law, the Association shall pay claims in respect of investment instruments as soon as possible and no later than three months after the eligibility and the amount of the claim have been established.

The Association must pay if

aa) the CSSF has established that, from its point of view, for the time being and for reasons directly bound up with its financial situation, a credit institution or an investment firm does not appear able to meet its liabilities arising out of investors claims and has no prospect of doing so in the immediate future;

or if

bb) a Luxembourg court, sitting in commercial division, has ruled on a suspension of payment and controlled management or liquidation of the credit institution or investment firm, depending on whether the ruling or the judgement is handed down first.

(2a) Under altogether exceptional circumstances and for specific cases, the Association may ask the CSSF to extend the deadline stipulated in paragraph (1) a). This extension shall not exceed three months. At the request of the Association, the CSSF may grant a maximum of two further extensions, neither of which shall exceed three months.

b) In highly exceptional circumstances for specific cases, the Association may ask the CSSF to extend the deadline stipulated in paragraph (1) b). This extension shall not exceed three months.

(3) The periods referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) cannot be invoked by the Association as a reason to refuse benefit of the Guarantee for a depositor or an investor who has been unable to enforce his right to a Guarantee payment.
(4) For verification purposes, the claims shall be declared to the Association either by the liquidators or legal representatives of the member concerned or by the depositor or investor himself.

Detailed documents setting out the conditions and formalities to be complied with in order to benefit from a guarantee payment shall be drawn up in one of the official languages of Luxembourg or, should the need arise, in the official language or languages of the Member States of the European Community in which the branch is situated. In the latter case, the Association may require a translation to be produced in one of the official languages of Luxembourg.

The Association may stipulate that the declarations of claims, which are to be presented to it, shall be established on a form or according to a layout prescribed by it and also that these declarations shall be accompanied by such attestations or certifications relating, in particular, to the identity of the depositor or investor and the signature of the person making the declaration as it may prescribe.

(5) Notwithstanding the deadlines set out in paragraphs (1) and (2), where a depositor, an investor or any other person who has rights or interests in the sums held on account or associated with an investment transaction, has been found guilty or is the subject of proceedings relating to an offence of money laundering as defined by law, the Association may suspend all payment pending a ruling by the court.

**Article 12 - Payments - Subrogation**

(1) All payments to be made in virtue of the Guarantee shall be effected either to the liquidators or legal representatives of the member, or to each depositor or investor in the currency of the cash deposit, the funds and instruments.

(2) Pursuant to the law, the Association, which makes payments under the Guarantee, shall be subrogated up to an amount equivalent to its payment for the guaranteed rights of clients and entitled beneficiaries who have obtained the payment.

The Association takes priority for reimbursement over these clients and entitled beneficiaries.

(3) The Association may, if it deems this appropriate, require the customer who has been reimbursed either in whole or in part to submit any document, declaration or waiver, such as an assignment of claim, which in its sole discretion places it in a situation at least as advantageous as that resulting for it from the subrogation with the priority referred to above.

**Article 13 - Confidentiality**

The Association, its members and managers and the persons for whom they are answerable shall preserve total secrecy in respect of all information which has come to their knowledge by reason of their membership of the present Association, save to the extent that the use or disclosure of information are stipulated by law or made necessary for the implementation of the Guarantee.

**Article 14 - Information to be secured by the Association**

The Association may obtain from each member all information necessary for application of the Guarantee.

**Article 15 - Information for depositors and investors**

Pursuant to the law, the members shall be required to furnish effective and potential depositors and investors with all relevant information relating to the Guarantee in one of the official languages of Luxembourg or, if appropriate, in the official language or languages of the Member State of the European Community in which the branch is situated.
TITLE IV.

Board of Directors

Article 16 - Membership

(1) The Association shall be administered by a Board of Directors consisting of not less than eleven and not more than fifteen members elected by the general meeting for a term of office, which shall not exceed two years.

(2) Outgoing directors shall be eligible for reelection.

(3) If one or more seats of directors fall vacant, the remaining directors shall retain the same powers until the next general meeting is held.

(4) The duties of director shall give no entitlement to remuneration, but the expenses incurred for their performance shall be refunded by the Association.

(4) It may, on its own responsibility, delegate special powers of a stipulated nature to one or more of its members or to third parties.

(5) It may establish, from among its members or outside its own ranks, all committees whose membership and terms of reference it shall define.

(6) The foregoing list is explanatory and non-limitative.

Article 17 - Chairman - Vice-Chairmen

The Board of Directors shall select among its members a Chairman and, if it deems this appropriate, one or more Vice-Chairmen, the eldest of whom shall replace the Chairman in his absence.

Article 18 - Powers

(1) The Board of Directors shall manage the Association, convene and organise general meetings and implement their decisions.

(2) It shall have the most extensive possible powers to accomplish all administrative and executive actions relating to the Association.

(3) It shall appoint and dismiss personnel of the Association and decide their terms of reference and salaries.

(4) It may, on its own responsibility, delegate special powers of a stipulated nature to one or more of its members or to third parties.

(5) It may establish, from among its members or outside its own ranks, all committees whose membership and terms of reference it shall define.

(6) The foregoing list is explanatory and non-limitative.

Article 19 - Procedure

(1) Written notice of all meetings of the Board of Directors shall be given to all the directors at least eight days prior the date scheduled for the meeting, save in urgent cases when the nature and reasons for the urgency shall be stipulated in the notice convening the meeting. The notice shall indicate the agenda.

(2) This notice may be dispensed with if assent is given in writing by telegram or fax by each director.

(3) A special notice shall not be required for meetings held on a date and at a place stipulated in a resolution adopted beforehand by the Board of Directors.

(4) Any director may arrange to be represented at the meetings of the Board of Directors by naming in writing, by telegram or fax, another director as his mandated representative. However, no director may represent more than one of his colleagues.
(5) The Board of Directors shall only be able to deliberate and act validly if at least a majority of the directors are present or represented.

(6) Decisions shall be taken by a majority of the votes cast by the directors who are present or represented and take part in the vote. In the event of a tie, the Chairman shall have the casting vote.

(7) In urgent cases, a written decision signed by all the directors shall be regular and valid as though it had been adopted at a meeting of the Board of Directors, which was duly convened and held. Such a decision can be documented by several separate written texts, each having the same content and each signed by one or more directors.

Article 20 - Commitment to third parties

(1) The Association shall be validly bound in relation to all third parties by the joint signature of two directors who shall not have to justify any deliberation or prior authorisation, without prejudice to all special powers conferred by the Board of Directors.

(2) Judicial actions, as plaintiff or defendant, shall be conducted or defended in the name of the Association by the Board of Directors on the initiative of its Chairman.

TITLE V.

General meeting

Article 21 - Membership - Powers

(1) The general meeting shall consist of all the members.

(2) It shall be the sovereign authority of the Association and shall have the powers, which are expressly vested in it by the law or by its statutes.

Article 22 - Meetings

(1) The general meeting shall be convened in ordinary session at least once each year, during the first half of the calendar year. It shall also be convened extraordinary by the Board of Directors whenever the latter deems this necessary or when 20% of the members so request.

(2) The invitations to attend shall contain the agenda. They shall be addressed in writing to each member at least fifteen days prior to the date of the meeting.

Article 23 - Procedure - Votes

(1) Any member may grant authority to another member to represent him at the general meeting.

(2) The general meeting convened in ordinary session by the procedure set out in Article 22 shall be regularly constituted, regardless of the number of members present.

(3) It may only act on the items figuring on its agenda.

(4) Each member shall have one vote.

(5) Decisions shall be validly taken by a majority of the members who are present or represented.

Article 24 - Extraordinary meetings

The general meeting, which is convened extraordinary to amend the statutes, shall deliberate under the conditions of presence and majority stipulated by the law.
**Article 25 - Corporate accounts**

The accounts of the Association shall be verified by a statutory auditor who shall present a written report to the general meeting.

**Article 26 - Minutes**

(1) The decisions of the general meeting shall be set down in a register of minutes signed by the Chairman and a member of the Board of Directors. This register shall be kept at the registered office, where all the members may be apprised thereof without displacement.

(2) All members and all third parties justifying a legitimate interest may request extracts signed by the same persons.

**TITLE VI.**

Subscription

**Article 27 - Amount of the subscription**

The ordinary general meeting shall fix the amount of the annual subscription of the members. This shall not be more than one thousand two hundred and fifty euros.

**TITLE VII.**

Winding up

**Article 28 - Distribution of assets**

If the Association is wound up voluntarily or by judicial process, the general meeting shall decide on the utilisation of the assets of the dissolved Association.

**TITLE VIII.**

Arbitration

**Article 29 - Procedure**

(1) All disputes and controversies which may arise in connection with the interpretation and application of the statutes or the application of the Guarantee established by them, either between the Association and one or more of its members or between members themselves, shall be settled by arbitration to the exclusion of ordinary judicial channels.

(2) For this purpose, each party concerned shall designate an arbitrator and the two arbitrators shall jointly designate the third.

(3) If more than two parties are concerned, those whose interests coincide shall agree on the appointment of a joint arbitrator.

(4) Should the other party fail to appoint his arbitrator within a period of one month, or should the two arbitrators fail to reach agreement on the choice of a third within the same period, the appointment shall be made by the President of the district court of Luxembourg at the request of the party who acts soonest, the other party or parties having been duly convened.

(5) The third arbitrator shall act as chairman of the arbitration court.

(6) Arbitration shall take place in Luxembourg and the language of arbitration shall be French.

(7) Subject to the binding provisions of the law, the arbitration tribunal shall itself determine its own procedure which shall take due account of the rights of the parties in the arbitration to a proper defence.

(8) The arbitrators shall decide not only on the basis of law, but also with a view to amicable settlement.

(9) The arbitration ruling shall be final and not open to appeal.
Pursuant to Title III of the statutes, and more particularly to Articles 8 (4), 8 (5) and 8 (6) thereof, the following rules shall apply:

(a) For the purpose of the present provisions, the term "account" or "accounts" shall apply both to the cash deposit accounts referred to in Article 6 and to the claim accounts referred to in Article 7 of the statutes.

b) All cash deposit accounts of a single person with a single member shall be added together, regardless of the number of such accounts opened in his name and only one single indemnity shall accordingly be due by way of the Guarantee.

The same provision shall apply to the claim accounts, it being understood that, pursuant to Article 8 (4) of the statutes, rights in the cash deposit accounts and claim accounts shall be exercised separately.

Example:
A person is holder of a cash deposit account pursuant to Article 6 (account 1) and a claim account pursuant to Article 7 (account 2).

**Account 1:**
Number of entitlements according to the cash deposit guarantee: 1 (limit 20,000 euros)
Balance of account 1: 25,000 euros
Claim against AGDL: 20,000 euros

**Account 2:**
Number of entitlements according to the investors compensation: 1 (limit 20,000 euros)
Balance of account 2: 15,000 euros
Claim against AGDL: 15,000 euros

**Total claim against AGDL according to both entitlements:** 35,000 euros
c) Should there be one or more collective accounts (joint accounts etc.) between two or more holders or joint holders (the “joint holders”) or should the client hold one or more individual accounts and in addition be the joint holder of one or more collective accounts with one or more other joint holders, the number of entitlements shown in the following table shall apply, subject to the provisions of Article 8 (4) of the statutes and b) above:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account No. 1</th>
<th>Account No. 2</th>
<th>Account No. 3</th>
<th>Number of entitlements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A + B</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>A + B</td>
<td>A + B</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>A + B</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>A + B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>A + B</td>
<td>A + C</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>A + B</td>
<td>A + B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>A + B</td>
<td>A + C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>A + B + C</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>A + B</td>
<td>A + B + C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

in which:

- the term "account" relates to the identification of the account;
- the letters "A", "B" and "C" relate to the identification of the holder, where the word holder designates the holder of the identified account or the holder of entitlements as defined in Articles 8 (8) and 8 (9) of the statutes;
- the term "Number of entitlements" relates to the maximum number of entitlements in respect of which the Guarantee of the Association may be invoked, each holder having only one such entitlement;
- where a single account is made out in the name of several joint holders, the right of each joint holder shall be equal to his share in this account, the shares of all the joint holders being in principle identical, save where proof to the contrary is provided to the Association.
The following examples apply to both the cash deposit guarantee and the investment compensation resulting from investment operations; the compensation due according to both guarantees is calculated separately.

**Case 1**
**Holder:** A  
**No. of entitlements:** 1  
Holder A of account 1 is entitled to make a claim against the Guarantee for a maximum amount of 20,000 euros.

**Case 2**
**Holders:** A+B  
**No. of entitlements:** 2  
The joint holders A and B of account 1 are each entitled to make a claim against the Guarantee for half the assets of the account, subject to a maximum of 20,000 euros each, i.e. jointly for 40,000 euros.

**Case 3**
**Holders:** A+B (account 1) and A+B (account 2)  
**No. of entitlements:** 2  
The joint holders A and B of the two accounts 1 and 2 shall each be entitled to make a claim against the Guarantee for an amount of 20,000 euros each, i.e. for 40,000 euros jointly.

**Case 4**
**Holders:** A (account 1) and A+B (account 2)  
**No. of entitlements:** 2  
(limit 20,000)  
    i.e. account 1: 15,000  
    i.e. account 2: 12,000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Balance of account</th>
<th>Share of A</th>
<th>Share of B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 1</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 2</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>6,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total deposit</strong></td>
<td><strong>21,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>6,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>6,000</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Claim against AGDL</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Case 5

**Holders:** A (account 1), B (account 2) and A+B (account 3)

**No. of entitlements:** 2

(limit 20,000)

i.e. account 1: 8,000  
i.e. account 2: 12,000  
i.e. account 3: 25,000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Balance of account</th>
<th>Share of A</th>
<th>Share of B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 1</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 2</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 3</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>12,500</td>
<td>12,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total deposit**  
20,500 24,500

Claim against AGDL  
20,000 20,000

### Case 6

**Holders:** A+B (account 1), A+C (account 2)

**No. of entitlements:** 3

(limit 20,000)

i.e. account 1: 18,000  
i.e. account 2: 6,000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Balance of account</th>
<th>Share of A</th>
<th>Share of B</th>
<th>Share of C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 1</td>
<td>18,000</td>
<td>9,000</td>
<td>9,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 2</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total deposit**  
12,000 9,000 3,000

Claim against AGDL  
12,000 9,000 3,000

i.e. account 1: 25,000  
i.e. account 2: 22,000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Balance of account</th>
<th>Share of A</th>
<th>Share of B</th>
<th>Share of C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 1</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>12,500</td>
<td>12,500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 2</td>
<td>22,000</td>
<td>11,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>11,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total deposit**  
23,500 12,500 11,000

Claim against AGDL  
20,000 12,500 11,000
**Case 7**  
**Holders:** A (account 1), A+B (account 2), A+B (account 3)  
**No. of entitlements:** 2  
(limit 20,000)

i.e. account 1: 12,000  
i.e. account 2: 8,000  
i.e. account 3: 15,000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Balance of account</th>
<th>Share of A</th>
<th>Share of B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 1</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 2</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 3</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>7,500</td>
<td>7,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total deposit**  
23,500  
11,500

**Claim against AGDL**  
20,000  
11,500

---

**Case 8**  
**Holders:** A (account 1), A+B (account 2), A+C (account 3)  
**No. of entitlements:** 3  
(limit 20,000)

i.e. account 1: 12,000  
i.e. account 2: 8,000  
i.e. account 3: 20,000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Balance of account</th>
<th>Share of A</th>
<th>Share of B</th>
<th>Share of C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 1</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 2</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 3</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total deposit**  
26,000  
4,000  
10,000

**Claim against AGDL**  
20,000  
4,000  
10,000

---

i.e. account 1: 25,000  
i.e. account 2: 20,000  
i.e. account 3: 40,000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Balance of account</th>
<th>Share of A</th>
<th>Share of B</th>
<th>Share of C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 1</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 2</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 3</td>
<td>40,000</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total deposit**  
55,000  
10,000  
20,000

**Claim against AGDL**  
20,000  
10,000  
20,000
### Case 9

**Holders:** A (account 1), A+B+C (account 2)

**No. of entitlements:** 3

(limit 20,000)

i.e. account 1: 12,000
i.e. account 2: 27,000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Balance of account</th>
<th>Share of A</th>
<th>Share of B</th>
<th>Share of C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 1</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 2</td>
<td>27,000</td>
<td>9,000</td>
<td>9,000</td>
<td>9,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total deposit</strong></td>
<td><strong>21,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>9,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>9,000</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Claim against AGDL

i.e. account 1: 20,000
i.e. account 2: 100,000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Balance of account</th>
<th>Share of A</th>
<th>Share of B</th>
<th>Share of C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 1</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 2</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>33,333</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total deposit</strong></td>
<td><strong>53,333</strong></td>
<td><strong>33,333</strong></td>
<td><strong>33,333</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Claim against AGDL

### Case 10

**Holders:** A (account 1), A+B (account 2), A+B+C (account 3)

**No. of entitlements:** 3

(limit 20,000)

i.e. account 1: 12,000
i.e. account 2: 20,000
i.e. account 3: 15,000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Balance of account</th>
<th>Share of A</th>
<th>Share of B</th>
<th>Share of C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 1</td>
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<td>12,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 2</td>
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<td>No. 3</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total deposit</strong></td>
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<td><strong>15,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,000</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Claim against AGDL

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Account</th>
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<th>Share of A</th>
<th>Share of B</th>
<th>Share of C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>No. 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>No. 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>No. 3</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total deposit</strong></td>
<td><strong>50,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>25,000</strong></td>
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</table>

Claim against AGDL
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L-2012 Luxembourg
Téléphone 46-36-60-1
Télécopieur 46-09-21
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