Connecticut Training School for Nurses Annual Reports

1894

Twentieth Annual Report of the Connecticut Training School for Nurses, attached to the New Haven Hospital, New Haven, Conn.

Connecticut Training School for Nurses

Follow this and additional works at: https://elischolar.library.yale.edu/ctsn_annual_reports

Recommended Citation
https://elischolar.library.yale.edu/ctsn_annual_reports/9

This Book is brought to you for free and open access by the Yale New Haven Hospital at EliScholar – A Digital Platform for Scholarly Publishing at Yale. It has been accepted for inclusion in Connecticut Training School for Nurses Annual Reports by an authorized administrator of EliScholar – A Digital Platform for Scholarly Publishing at Yale. For more information, please contact elischolar@yale.edu.
TWENTIETH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

CONNECTICUT

TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES

ATTACHED TO THE

NEW HAVEN HOSPITAL

NEW HAVEN, CONN.

NEW HAVEN

TUTTLE, MOREHOUSE & TAYLOR, PRINTERS

1894
COMMITTEE OF ADMINISTRATION.

President.
Mrs. T. W. T. CURTIS.

Vice-Presidents.
Mrs. T. D. WOOLEY, New Haven. Mrs. SAMUEL COLT, Hartford.
Mrs. D. C. SANFORD, New Milford. Mrs. ERWIN HARWOOD, New Haven.
Mrs. F. J. KINGSBURY, Waterbury.

Treasurer.
Mr. ROBERT I. COUCH.

Treasurer of the Executive Committee.
Mr. ROBERT I. COUCH.

Secretary.
Miss E. BETTS.

Auditors.
Mr. ARTHUR D. OSBORNE, Mr. WILBUR F. DAY.

Committee on Finance.
Mr. WILBUR F. DAY. Mr. CHARLES A. SHELDON.

Executive Committee.
Mrs. T. W. T. CURTIS, Chairman.
Mrs. WILLIAM FITCH. Mrs. G. B. FARNAM.
Mrs. FRANCIS BACON. Mrs. ELLERY C. COOLIDGE.
Mrs. GEORGE E. DAY. Mrs. A. DOUGLASS MILLER.
Mrs. CHARLES B. RICHARDS. Mrs. CHARLES P. CLARK.
Mrs. E. M. REED. Mrs. WALTER DEP. DAY.
Miss EMILY BETTS. Mrs. WM. G. MIXTER.
Mrs. LEWIS H. ENGLISH. Mrs. WM. THOMPSON.
Mrs. G. R. LOVIS. MOSES C. WHITE, M.D.
Mrs. E. P. MORRIS. LEONARD J. SAXFORD, M.D.
Mrs. E. L. HERMANCE. WILLIAM L. BRADLEY, M.D.

FRANCIS BACON, M.D.

Superintendent of the School.
Mrs. L. W. QuinStard.

Matron of Nurses' Home.
Mrs. Bishop.
THE ANNUAL MEETING

WAS HELD JANUARY 17, 1894.

ADDRESS BY MRS. CURTIS.

The old years go and the new years come in quick succession. Eighteen ninety-three gives place to eighteen ninety-four, and almost before we think it, the day of our annual meeting comes round to us.

There is no need to remind you that the past year has brought its full measure of change and incident to the great world about us. The story of the little world upon which, at this time, our interest chiefly centers, will presently be given you by our Secretary.

One can hardly come into this little world from the activities of life outside its walls, without being impressed by the contrast of interests. Here the all absorbing questions are not those of business enterprise or of social advantage. Considerations of health have, here, even in 1893, outweighed those of finance. The sick man asks first, not "How may I gain and keep money?" but, "How can I get well?"

A visit to the wards of the Hospital must always be interesting, and need not, as some suppose, be dispiriting. If the sight of human suffering is a tax upon our sympathies, the patient, often heroic endurance of suffering, the devotion of nurses, the skill of physicians, may be an inspiration.

We have recently, as you know, been treated to some startling theories by advanced thinkers of this progressive age. The assertion that suicide may be not only justifiable, but even commendable, seems a sufficiently daring one, and the boldest reformer may hesitate, for a moment, to accept the guidance of Prof. Francis Newman, when he assures us that "suicide is sometimes a duty," or of Mr. William Archer, who declares that, "what we want, what our grandsons, or great grandsons will probably have, is a commodious and scientific lethal chamber, which shall reduce to a minimum the physical terrors and inconveniences of suicide, both for the patient and for his family and friends. In a rational
state of civilization," he adds, "self-effacement should cost us no more physical screwing up of courage than a visit to the barber, and much less than a visit to the dentist."

But what shall we say of those who go some steps further, and maintain, that, in cases of hopeless infirmity from incurable disease or extreme old age, physicians and nurses should not waste their energies in efforts to prolong useless existence. They should rather employ their skill in providing a speedy and painless exit from life grown wearisome to the sufferer and burdensome to friends. The logical sequence of all which is, that upon some such more or less plausible pretext, murder becomes a laudable occupation.

In the face of this discussion among shining lights of modern thought, happily, as it seems to our humbler intelligence; the great mass of civilized humanity still clings to old fashioned principles rooted in our best instinct and nourished by Christian faith. Bravely to meet the ills of life seems to most men more worthy of immortal beings than weakly to pale before them. Gentle ministrations to the aged and helpless, tender cares which may mitigate suffering, are not, in their view, burdensome tasks but sacred privilege.

Among the graduates from our school we have had those who believed this and whose lives were ruled by their belief; women whose self-forgetfulness was so complete that it never occurred to them they were practicing self-sacrifice.

These are the types we would set before the pupils of our school. As we go in and out among them, let us seek to inspire them with the true spirit of their profession; the spirit of unselfish purpose which endows all work. If we teach them, as we may, that the motive of self-support is an honorable one, let us tell them, also, that the nurse who looks at her profession solely in the light of dollars and cents, falls far short of its imperative obligations. She may do, perhaps, in perfunctory fashion, what she is paid for doing; but the services beyond price she will never give. Cheerful courage, unwearied patience, delicate tact, quick sympathy, unobtrusive thought for others, these have no market value. Who gives them to us is our friend.

Let us, then, constantly urge our nurses to strive no less diligently for the development of high character than for the acquisition of technical knowledge. They will thus dignify their profession; and make their presence a blessing by beds of sickness and suffering.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

In presenting our twentieth annual report we will take a retrospective glance in order to appreciate the growth and present development of the seed which was planted in faith in 1873, through the instrumentality of a few public spirited residents in this city.

A training school for nurses was a new venture in those days. One was started in the Bellevue Hospital a little in advance of ours. Now, almost every hospital requires one.

There were many discouragements in the path of the projectors of this enterprise, but the obstacles were finally overcome, and the usefulness of the school is now fully recognized. Twelve of the names on the original list of the Committee of Administration, including seven of the Executive Committee, will again appear in our report this year. We mourn the loss of some of our earliest co-workers; their places have been filled by others who have taken up the work with an interest in the welfare of the school which will, we feel assured, enable it to maintain its present reputation.

The number of pupils was at first limited to six, and lodging was provided for them in the hospital. As the work increased more nurses were needed, and more room for the nurses. Effort was consequently made to obtain funds for a nurses' home, and in 1882 a building for that purpose was completed in the hospital grounds. It is a place for rest when weary, a quiet place for study, a place for reunion at the hour of evening prayer, a place for social gathering when annual festivals are celebrated. In 1885 a wing was added to the Home to provide more rooms for the nurses, and a portion was set apart as an Infirmary where they are cared for when ill.

The number of pupils taking the course in the school has gradually increased until on our list to-day are the names of seventy-two. Twenty-one are externes; fourteen are in the New York Infirmary; and thirty-seven, of whom four are probationers, are at work in this hospital.
We have an Indian girl from the Carlisle School among our externes, and one from the Hampton School among our internes; both are doing excellent work and have a career of usefulness among their own people, before them. A Chinese girl came to us in the summer for a special course of a few months. She is a pupil in a Medical School in Philadelphia and wished to obtain during her vacation more practical knowledge of hospital work before she returns to her native land.

Our present working force of nurses is required by the union of our school with the New York Infirmary for women and children, where the pupils pass several months with a special view to an education in obstetrical work, and also by the enlargement of the hospital. The hospital covers a much larger area than it did when our school assumed the charge of the nursing department in it. Two cottages have been built on the grounds for isolated cases, and two nurses are usually required in each of them, when they are open. The Gifford Home, that noble benefaction which gives a resting place with every comfort, and without expense, to many sufferers, also calls for the services of several additional nurses. The increase of wards has required an increase of the number of night nurses, and there are always eight on night duty, without counting those required for special cases.

It is possible there may be also soon a maternity building with all the modern improvements, where mothers and infants can receive the care they so much need, and cannot obtain in their own homes.

Twelve pupils have graduated during the year. The small list of graduates, and the long list of externes, is explained by the recent increase of the length of the course of study from nineteen months to two years.

Two hundred and eighty-five nurses have received the diploma of the school since it was opened, and of these thirty have been appointed Superintendent of nursing in hospitals.

During the past year there have been two hundred and eighty-eight calls for nurses received at the hospital, of which only ninety-six could be answered by pupils in the school.

We regret that the long continued absence from this city of Mrs. Bradner, has caused her to send in her resignation of the office of President. She has been for many years connected with the school, first as a member of the Executive Committee, and afterwards as President. We highly appreciate her efficient work in both departments, and also the interest she has manifested in carrying out the plans for a larger development of the school.

Mrs. Curtis has kindly consented to act as President during the absence of Mrs. Bradner, and we now welcome her back to the office which she resigned, much to our regret, several years ago.

Mrs. Quintard, who has been our valued Superintendent for nearly four years, continues to fill that office most acceptably.

Dr. S. D. Gilbert, Dr. Wm. G. Daggett, Dr. W. W. Hawkes and Dr. L. S. DeForest have kindly conducted the examination of the nurses for graduation, and the Committee express their indebtedness for this sacrifice of time to the service of the School.

We would again, as in former years, thank the physicians who have been unfailing in their kindness and attention to the nurses who have been ill.

We gratefully acknowledge the courtesy shown to us by the Hospital Society, and by the Superintendent, Mr. Starkweather.

E. Betts, Secretary.
REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON INSTRUCTION.

There have been thirty-seven lectures given in the New Haven Hospital in the course of the year 1893.

15 On anatomy and physiology.—Dr. Tuttle.
7 On special diseases.—Dr. Wm. G. Daggett.
8 On obstetrics.—Dr. Tuttle.
3 On the nervous system.—Dr. Tuttle.
1 On circulation of the blood.—Dr. Tuttle.
1 On circulation of the blood.—Dr. Flagg.
1 On Digestion.—Dr. Flagg.
1 On urinary analysis.—Dr. Lawton.

There have been twenty-one obstetrical cases.

The nurses have been present at twenty autopsies for demonstrations in physiology by Professor Moses C. White; and at two hundred and seventeen surgical operations, which cases came later under their nursing.

Recitations have been held, as a rule, by the Superintendent and her assistant three times a week for the Senior and Junior classes.

The instruction in the Diet Kitchen has been in the preparation of special diet for all the patients in the hospital put upon that regimen, and the graduating nurses have prepared specimen articles for inspection by the Committee.

THE NEW YORK INFIRMARY.

The class of nurses at this institution has been increased to fourteen and at the present time in addition to their special training in confinement cases, they have charge of a ward for the diseases of children.

The Infirmary has been greatly enlarged and improved and the school appreciates the advantages offered them for a careful training in the care of mothers and infants. One hundred and thirteen confinement cases have been under the care of nurses of this school since February 22, 1893, at which time the Infirmary (which had been closed for repairs and additions) was again opened. It is expected that all the nurses of this Training School will in turn, before graduation have the advantage of this course in New York so long as the agreement between the two Institutions is continued.

REGULATIONS OF THE SCHOOL.

The Executive Committee of the Connecticut Training School for Nurses has made arrangements with the authorities of the New Haven Hospital and New York Infirmary for training women desirous of becoming professional nurses. Those wishing to receive this course of instruction must apply to the Secretary of the Society, when, if approved by the Executive Committee, they will be accepted as pupils in the Hospital. The candidate must be over 24 and under 40 years of age and must present a certificate from a clergyman and a physician as to her good moral character and sound health. She will be received for one month on probation, without compensation.

All pupils will be under the authority of the Superintendent of Nursing, and subject to the rules of the Hospital. The Superintendent will have full power to decide as to their fitness for the work, and the propriety of retaining or dismissing them within the month of trial. She can also discharge them at any time, with the approval of the Committee of the Training School, in case of misconduct or inefficiency.

Those fulfilling the conditions of the probationary month, will be accepted as Pupil Nurses. They must then sign a written agreement to remain under the direction of the school for two years.

When in the Hospital they will be expected to wear a simple uniform dress, which is given to them at the end of the month of probation. They will reside in the Nurses' Home and will be supplied with board, washing and lodging, and also receive during the entire term $200 dollars. This sum is not intended as wages, it being considered that their education is a full equivalent for their services.

The Day Nurses are on duty from 7 A. M. until 8 P. M., but are allowed time for their meals and two hours for rest and recreation. They usually have half a day off duty once a week.

As the institution is not sectarian, there are no services connected with it except evening prayers, which all nurses not on duty, are expected to attend.

A vacation of two weeks will be given each year.

Gratuitous care is given in sickness for such time as the Committee may decide, but time so lost must be made up.
During the last eight months of their connection with the School the Nurses will be assigned to special duties in the Hospital, to missionary cases in this city, or to the care of patients in private families.

The instruction includes:

1. The dressing of blisters, burns, sores and wounds: the application of fomentations, poultices, and minor dressings.
2. The application of leeches.
3. The administration of enemas.
4. The use of catheter.
5. The keeping of temperature records.
6. The best methods of applying friction to the body and extremities.
8. The management of helpless patients: moving, changing, giving baths in bed, preventing and dressing bed sores, and managing positions.
9. The making of patients' beds, and removing sheets while the patient is in bed.
10. The making of accurate observations and recording the various symptoms of the patient.
11. Ventilation.
12. The making of bandages and rollers, and bandaging.
13. The keeping of all utensils perfectly clean.
14. The preparation of nice articles of diet for the sick.

Instruction will be given at the bedside of the patient and in classes by the Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent and the attending physicians and surgeons. Courses of lectures are also given.

When the full term is ended the Nurses thus trained will each receive a diploma signed by physicians of the Committee, the President and other Officers of the School. Efforts will also be made to secure for the graduates positions in Hospitals or in private families where there is sickness.

Special short courses can be arranged to educate missionary nurses, for five dollars a week.

Those intending to enter upon home or foreign mission-work would greatly increase their usefulness by such a practical course of training as this school affords.

QUESTIONS TO BE ANSWERED BY CANDIDATE.

1. Name in full, and present address of Candidate?
2. Are you married, single, or a widow?
3. Your present occupation or employment?
4. Age last birthday, birthplace and date of birth?
5. Height, in feet and inches? Weight?
6. Where educated?
7. Can you read and write well?
8. Are you strong and healthy in mind and body? And have you always been so?
9. Perfect in sight and hearing?
10. If a widow, have you children? How many? Their ages? How are they provided for?
11. Where (if any), was your last situation? How long were you in it?
12. Have you been connected with any Hospital or Training School?
13. The names in full and addresses of two persons to be referred to. State how long each has known you.
14. Have you a knowledge of arithmetic as far as percentage?
15. Have you read this whole paper? and do you promise to conform to the requirements?

Signed,
Date.

Enclose certificates from clergymen and physicians.

CONNECTICUT TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES.
STATE HOSPITAL, NEW HAVEN.

The Nurse, has this day been sent by request of the charge for her services in this State being $12 a week, and the necessary traveling expenses and washing.
Signed,

DUTIES OF THE NURSE.

The Nurse's time belongs to the family employing her. She is to take entire charge of the patient, and of the room and closets and bath rooms used in connection with it. This care includes ventilation, bed-making, attention to the fire, emptying and disinfecting utensils, sweeping and daily dusting; and oversight of the patient's bed and body clothing, preparation of beef tea and other articles requiring care, giving all medicines and stimulants—serving of meals—fetching and carrying for...
the patient, keeping of daily records for the physician, and the writing out of his orders.

All worries of every kind are to be kept away from the sick room, and no gossip about other cases indulged in.

The patient's comfort and repose of mind are to be carefully studied by the Nurse.

In slight illness, and when called to confinement cases before needed, the Nurse is to employ her leisure in sewing, or other light services for the family. In care of a baby, she will, in addition to the above duties, attend to the rousing of certain articles of the child's clothing, and when fresh air is necessary for the baby during the first month, she will herself take the child out, if the mother can be left with an assistant, remembering that the Nurse's arms are the only safe place for so young a baby.

On going off duty at any time, the Nurse must leave written directions with her deputy. She is to take entire charge of her own room, and wear the uniform of the School. Not more than eighteen pieces are to be put in the family wash, and no white skirts.

In Hotels, the Nurse performs all the above duties, and will not require from the servants what she would herself attend to in a private house.

The FAMILY is respectfully reminded that the Nurse cannot do justice to her patient without sufficient rest. When day and night watching are required, six hours unbroken sleep in the twenty-four, and an hour in the fresh air once or twice a week should be provided for. In confinement cases, the Nurse sleeps near her patient, and takes her rest as she can; she must not expect to be out of the house for at least two weeks.

The Nurse's meals should be served before or after the family table, when some responsible person can be left in the sick room.

The FAMILY and PHYSICIAN are earnestly requested—for the sake of the Nurse, and of those to whom she may be called—to state, frankly whether the above duties have been performed, and the Nurse's services have been in all respects acceptable. This paper to be mailed in the accompanying envelope at the close of the engagement.

REPORT OF THE GENERAL TREASURER.

ROBERT I. COUCH, Treasurer, in account with The Connecticut Training School for Nurses.

Dr.

1894. Jan. 1. To cash on hand $108.63

Income.

General Fund 8692.00
Humphrey Fund 120.00
Miller Fund 50.00
Donation Miss. D. N. Barney 35.00
Royalty on "Handbook for Nursing," J. B. Lippincott & Co. 90.00
Bronson Fund, Mission work 40.00

Received from G. R. Lewis, Treasurer Executive Committee, for services of Nurses 6100.09

Total income $7,321.72

Cr.

By cash paid Miss G. R. Lewis, Treasurer Executive Committee for expenses of school 7,300.01
Paid Bronson Fund, Mission work 40.00


1894. Jan. 1. To cash on hand $12.71

E. & O. E. ROBERT I. COUCH, Treasurer.

Examined and found correct. A. D. OSBORNE, [Auditors.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 16, 1894.
REPORT OF THE TREASURER OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Dr.
1893.
Jan. 1. Received from the Treasurer $7,269.01
Received from Text Books 30.89
$7,299.90

Cr.
1893.
Jan. 1. By payments to nurses 5,491.61
Materials for uniforms 184.25
Instruments for nurses 72.00
Printing and advertising 74.10
Stationery and current expenses 31.19
Articles of food for diet kitchen 18.84
Traveling expenses to infirmary 113.00
Board of extra nurses 190.71
Extra instruction 28.00
Re-covering sofa, etc. 18.70
Expenses of Nurses' Home 1,010.70 7,200.90
Payment of loan to G. R. Lovis 18.84
$7,299.90

GEORGIA R. LOVIS,
Treasurer Executive Committee.

DETAILED EXPENSES OF NURSES' HOME.

Salary of Matron $300.00
Matron's Assistant 144.00
House cleaning 90.70
Extra washing 56.24
Household supplies 42.59
Bedding, blankets and towels 94.72
Repairs on Home 107.32
Repairs on Infirmary 18.84
Repairs on Home 107.32
Repairing furniture, etc. 25.00
Repairs on Home 107.32
Printing and advertising 7.50
Instruments for nurses 7.50
Water bills 28.00
Duplicate pay 18.84
Extra washing 11.23
Stationery and current expenses 28.00
Journals and Courier 104.40
$1,091.70

DONATIONS.

Mrs. D. Newton Barney $25.00
Mrs. E. H. Trowbridge for mission work 100.00
Mrs. Noah Porter, In Memoriam for mission work 10.00
TWO HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-FIVE PUPILS

Have graduated since the School was opened.

GRADUATES OF 1893.

Miss Elsie J. Barker, Albany, N. Y.;
Mrs. Bertha G. Bradley, North Haven, Conn.;
Mrs. Martha B. Coutes, Amberst, N. S.;
Miss Sarah E. Fonda, Hooeick, N. Y.;
Miss Minnie Gay, Darien, Conn.;
Miss Emiline M. Karge, Peace Dale, R. I.;
Miss Emme M. Keighty, Middle Haddam, Conn.;
Miss Mary Lewis, Lansiingburgh, N. Y.;
Mrs. Hattie Edna Morse, Westerly, R. I.;
Miss Mary Murray, Norwich, Conn.;
Miss Grace S. Seymour, South Norwalk, Conn.;
Miss Bertha Van Denbergh, Troy, N. Y.;

PUPILS IN THE SCHOOL, JANUARY 1, 1894.

EXTERNES.

Miss Mary E. Lowe, Centre Lisle, N. Y.;
Miss Zippa L. Metoxen, Sayole, Wisconsin;
Miss Clarissa L. Pendleton, Hebron, Conn.;
Miss Mary E. Pierce, Claremont, N. H.;
Miss Jessie H. Prest, New London, Conn.;
Miss Ada H. Roy, LeRoy, N. Y.;
Miss Ellen F. Ryan, Montreal, Canada;
Mrs. Martha J. C. Smith, Oswego, N. Y.;

INTERNES.

Miss Anna F. Alpaugh, Lebanon, N. J.;
Miss Mary E. Ayer, West Stafford, Conn.;
Miss Margarette Begg, Waterbury, Conn.;
Miss Matilda Benson, Sweden;
*Miss Mable E. Burnsides, Cooperstown, N. Y.;
Mrs. Belle Butler, Wolverine, Mich.;
Miss Olive E. Carter, New Haven, Conn.;
Miss Mary L. Cooke, Hadley, Mass.;
*Miss Lovenia A. Corbin, Danbury, Conn.;
Miss Lavinia Cornelius, Oneida, Wisconsin;
Mrs. J. Estella Crawford, Norwich, Conn.;
Miss Florence M. Doten, Lynn, Mass.;
Miss Cornelis F. Dixon, Indian Island, N. B.;
Miss Catherine A. Eagan, New Haven, Conn.;
Miss Susan J. Fisher, Grinnell, Iowa.;
Miss Dora G. Fultz, New York, N. Y.;
Miss Kate Galvin, Holyoke, Mass.;
Miss Mattie Gauch, Newark, N. J.;
Mrs. Ida H. Grant, Danville, N. Y.;
Miss Sadie Howard, Waterbury, Conn.;
Miss Selma A. Holstein, Rockville, Conn.;
Mrs. Mary F. Jack, Saybrook, Conn.;
Mrs. Mary E. Ketcham, Monclair, N. J.;
Miss Elizabeth Kirk, Waterbury, Conn.;
Mrs. Margaretta Kreamer, New York, N. Y.;
Mrs. Anna Lockerty, Toronto, Canada;
Miss Carrie E. Maginnis, New Haven, Conn.;
Miss Maggie J. McDonald, Danbury, Conn.;
Miss Annie McDougall, Renfrew, Ontario;
Miss Alice Matthews, Little Rock, Ark.;
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Miss Mary G. Merritt</td>
<td>Charlevoix, Mich.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Hettie F. Norman</td>
<td>New York, N. Y.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Miss Julia A. O'Brien</td>
<td>South Manchester, Conn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Mary A. Owens</td>
<td>Clarksville, Georgia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Susan T. Parralee</td>
<td>Haddam, Conn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Bessie K. Radigan</td>
<td>New Haven, Conn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Alice H. Sherwood</td>
<td>Southport, Conn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Alice E. Smith</td>
<td>Berlin, Conn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*Miss Cora I. Snow</td>
<td>Meriden, Conn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Helen G. Soper</td>
<td>Poquonock, Conn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Sara Stanford</td>
<td>New Haven, Conn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Anna F. Stanton</td>
<td>Philadelphia, Pa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Lotta Stevens</td>
<td>Belmont, N. Y.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Jeannette M. Stryker</td>
<td>New York, N. Y.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Evelina Tennyson</td>
<td>New Haven, Conn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Lucretia H. Thatcher</td>
<td>Meriden, Conn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Jennie L. Todd</td>
<td>Trenton, N. J.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Emma E. Wadleigh</td>
<td>Cantcook, Quebec.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Martha A. Watkins</td>
<td>Waterbury, Conn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Nettie M. Waugh</td>
<td>Waterbury, Conn.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Probationers.